NATIONAL RAILROAD ADJUSTMENT BOARD

THIRD DIVISION

Award Number 20425 Docket Number MW-20539

Irwin M. Lieberman, Referee

(Brotherhood of Maintenance of Way Employes

PARTIES TO DISPUTE:

(Louisville and Nashville Railroad Company

STATEMENT OF CLAIM: Claim of the System Committee of the Brotherhood

that:

(1) The Agreement was violated **when Foreman S.A. Brooks** performed track repairman's (track laborer) **work** on August **21,** 22, **23,** 24, 28, 29, 30, 31, September 6, 7, 8, **and 12, 1972** instead of **recalling** cut-off track repairman (track **laborer**) Vernon R. Slack to perform such service. (System File **1-1/E-304-2 E-304**)

(2) Track Repairman (Track Laborer) Vernon R. Black now be allowed 120 hours of straight-time pay and 25 hours of time and one-half pay because of the aforesaid **violation**.

OPINION OF BOARD: Claimant, holding seniority as a laborer (Rank No. 6) within the Track Subdepartment, was furloughed during the claim period from Extra Gang No. 53. During August and September 1972 the Foreman of the Sang performed some work in connection with laying panel track in addition to his supervisory responsibilities. Petitioner claims that this was inappropriate and that Claimant should have been recalled to perform the work. There is a dispute as to the amount of time that the Foreman worked with the gang with Petitioner alleging full days and the Carrier contending that he did not work even half a day on each day Involved. Petitioner's documentation was presented with Its submission and not on the property; it may not be considered by the Board in conformity with long established doctrine.

Essentially **Petitioner argues** that the Carrier has no right to permit an **employe** with Seniority Rank **No.** 1 to perform the work of Seniority Rank **No.** 6; the physical work of **laying** panel track accrues to **employes having** Seniority Rank **No.** 6. Petitioner concludes that Claimant should have been recalled to perform the work in question. It should be noted that there **is** no information whatever as to the date Claimant was furloughed. The Organization relies heavily on Award **19816** in support of its position, which involved the same parties and Agreement. While we concur in the **finding** in that Award with respect to the Composite Service Rule, we believe that **Award** to be in error insofar **as** it holds that Rule 5 dealing with Seniority Ranks constitutes a reservation of work rule. We have held in many prior Awards (for example **19922**, **J.8876** and **18471**) that rules listing positions per **se** do not reserve work exclusively to



employes of a given **class and** certainly a Seniority Rank Rule such as in the instant **Agreement** vests no exclusive **right** to specific work in the absence of system-wide custom and **practice**.

Carrier states that its **Operating** Rules in Rule 141 provide that foremen must "...as far as possible engage in the work when the forces are small". Carrier claims that the gang in question constituted four men and a foreman and there was no vacancy in the gang for which Claimant could have been recalled. Carrier also contends that the work performed by the foreman on the days Involved was of his own volition and without instruction from any supervisory personnel. Carrier concludes that the claim is not supported by the Agreement and should be denied.

There is no indication in the record that there was in fact a vacancy in Extra Gang No. 53. Further in Award17360 involving the same parties and Agreement we said: "We do not believe the Agreement contemplates that two men gangs are improper or that where such are authorized the foreman is to be confined to supervisory duties only." We find no Agreement support restricting the foreman's work in this instance.

With respect to the voluntary aspect of the foreman's actions, despite contrary Awards(18003) we find that the position that voluntary service cannot support a claim is correct (Awards 12907, 17172, 19839 and others).

It is well. established that **Claiment must** bear the burden of **proving** exclusive jurisdiction **over** work to the exclusion <code>fothers</code>. This Board has also found that when there la a jurisdictional question between employes of the same **craft** in different classes, represented by the same Organization, the burden of establishing exclusivity **is** even **more** heavily upon Petitioner (Awards **13083** and **13198**).

Petitioner's General Chairman, in his letter to Carrier dated

December 14, 1972 while acknowledging the existence of Operating Rule 141
but denying any conforming Agreement language, said: "...and I believe
you will have to agree that no foreman has a right to work the amount of
hours which I have claimed above with cut-off laborers...." The inference
may be drawn from that statement that the foreman is not prohibited from
doing any physical work with the gang; if this is true, then the length
of time he &es such work is not significant(Award13083) and Petitioner's
position is seriously weakened.

Based on the entire record of this dispute and the reasonabove, we find that Petitioner has not sustained it8 burden **of** proof and the Claim is not supported by the Agreement: it **must** be denied.

FINDINGS: The Third Division of the Adjustment Board, upon the whole record and all the evidence, finds and holds:

That the parties waived oral hearing;

That the Carrier and the Employes involved in this dispute are respectively Carrier and Employes within the meaning of the Railway Labor Act, as approved June 21, 1934;

That this Division of the Adjustment Board has jurisdiction over the dispute **involved** herein; and

That the Agreement was not violated.

AWARD

Claim denied.

NATIONAL RAILROAD ADJUSTMENT BOARD
By Order of Third Division

ATTEST: W. Paules
Executive Secretary

Dated at Chicago, Illinois, this 27th day of September 1974.