NATIONALRAILROAD ADJUSTMENT BOARD

Award Number 22470
Docket Number CL-22409

THIRD DIVISION

George S. Roukis, Referee

(Brotherhood of Railway, Airline and (Steamship Clerks, Freight Handlers, (Express and Station Employes

PARTIES TO DISPUTE: (
(Chicago Short Line Railway Company

STATEMENT OF CLAIM: Claim of the System Committee of the Brotherhood (GL-8547) that:

- 1. Carrier violated the effective Clerks' Agreement **when** it failed to assign senior furloughed **employe Gary** Putnam to Position No. 6 General Clerk, but instead, assigned it to an **employe** junior in service to Claimant;
- 2. Carrier shall now compensate **Gary** Putnam for **eight** (8) hours' pay **at** the pro rata rate of Position No. 6, which is in addition to any monies already paid, **commencing** with October 23, 1976, and **continuing** for each **and** wery day thereafter, five days per week, that a like violation **occurs**.

OPINIONOPBOARD: The pivotal question in this dispute is whether claimant possessed sufficient fitness and ability for this position or was reasonably qualifiable pursuant to **the pragmatic intent** of Agreement Rule 16.

In Third Division **Award** 21802 where we construed the interpretative relationship between the seniority fitness and ability rule and the **time in** which to qualify rule, we stated in pertinent part that:

"The harmonious reading of these rules does not mean that fitness and ability be such that an employe need fully and completely perform the work immediately upon assuming the position, but that it be such that he could do so within the period of time permitted in the qualification rule. Nor does such reading mean that an employe

"obviously lacking fitness and ability be given the qualifying time when it is apparent he could not qualify within that period."

We believe this principle is applicable here.

Admittedly, claimant had a greater seniority date **than time employe** selected for the contested position, but he had -r worked
any position other than yard clerk during his **employment with Carrier**.

He was on the furloughed list at that **time** of this selection. **Under**the **terms** of the **collective** agreement, Carrier was required to
consider him forassignment consistent with the **requirements** set
forth **in** Agreement **Rules** 19(g), 8 and 16.

He did not possesskey punching skills and could **type** about twenty (20) words per minute.

The other **employe** had **accumulated** two **and** one-half (2½) **months seniority** at the time of her selection, but was superbly trained as a key **punch** operator and typist.

The **choice**, in effect, was between claimant who had yard duty clerical experience, no key punching knowledge and **some typing** competence **and the other employe**, **who was** a superlative keypunch operator.

If the position called for exclusively key punching duties which could not be reasonably acquired within the forty five (45) day qualifying period, then claimant was unqualified for the job. But the position description delineated other duties as well.

We recognize Carrier's concern to select the most qualified **employe** available, but this decision **is constrained** by **Agreement Rules.**

In the instant case, we do not beliwe that Carrier thoroughly considered claimant's background and potential. Assuredly, it had the right to make the relative qualification determination and to use appropriate evaluative criteria to accomplish this end. But in reaching this decision it had to factor into the sum total calculation the person's overall ability level. The position was not exclusively a key puncher's position. It encompassed a wider sort of clerical duties.

There was no indication that claimant could not perform these other duties or acquire the minimally necessary key **punching** skills.

Certainly the other person's two and one-half (2½) months employment experience at the **time** of the selection would have **some** limiting characteristics as well.

The intent and purpose of Rules 8 and 16 are to insure that a person having <u>adequate</u> capacity be given an opportunity to qualify for the *job*. But more importantly **Rule** 19(g) activated their application **in** this situation.

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There was no persuasive indication that claimant could not acquire acceptable key punching skills in that **time** or perform the other duties. The Agreement does not require that the most qualified **person be** selected, only that the senior **employe** have adequate fitness and ability. It is an average normative requirement.

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The record, in **this** connection, does not show that **claiment's** two (2) years employment experience, albeit intermittent, was incompatible with the job's full requirements.

If it took, for example, three (3) to six (6) **months** training to dwelop the minimally acceptable level of key punching operating skills, then Carrier's position would **be** unassailable. But there was no compelling demonstration that claimant could not learn this skill while on the job. **Based** on this assessment we must conclude that Carrier's selection was arbitrary and-contrary to Agreement **Rules** 19(g), 8 and 16. Their interrelated significance **must** be observed.

We will not grant the relief sought by **claimant** since it's unreasonably excessive, but will direct that Carrier pay him the difference, between what he earned from October 23, 1976 until August 29, 1977, when he was awarded a regular position and **what** he would have earned had he been assigned the General Clerk's position.

However, we recognize the distinct possibility that he might wish to remain in his new position and if that is his decision, then the above determination will stand. In the went, however, that he chooses to accept the disputed position, then we direct that he be paid the difference between the new position and the General Clerk's No. 6 position, if the latter job is higher paid.

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FINDINGS: The Third Division of the Adjustment Board, upon the whole record and all the evidence, finds and holds:

That the parties waived oral hearing;

That the Carrier and the Employes involved in this dispute are respectively Carrier and Employes within the meaning of the Railway Labor Act, as approved June 21, 1934;

That: this Division of the Adjustment Board: has: jurisdiction: over the dispute involved herein; and

That the Agreement was violated.

AWARD

Claim sustained to the extent expressed in the Opinion.

NATIONAL RAILROAD ADJUSTMENT BOARD By Order of Third Division

ATTEST: Executive Secretary,

Date&at Chicago, Illinois, this 31st day of July 1979.

