## NATIONAL RAILROAD ADJUSTMENT BOARD

THIRD DIVISION

Award Number 23032 Docket Number MW-22952

Rodney E. Dennis, Referee

PARTIES TO DISPUTE: (Brotherhood of Maintenance of Way Employes (
(The Denver and Rio Grende Western Railroad Company

## STATEMENT OF CLAIM: "Claim of the System Committee of the Brotherhood that:

- (1) The Carrier violated the Agreement when **it assigned** Section Laborers, Raymond Guccione and K. D. **Armenta**, from the Salide Section to perform track work on the Malta Section instead of Malta Section **Laborers**, J. J. **Salazar** and E. A. **Giron**, from **9:00 A.M.** to 2:00 P.M. on October **16**, **1977** (System File **D-43-77/MM-10-78**)
- (2) Section Laborers J. J. **Salazar** and E. A. **Giron** each be allowed pay at their respective overtime rates **for** an **equal** proportionate share of the total number of man hours worked by the Section Laborers from the Salide Section, referred to above."

Claimants were section laborers assigned to carrier's Malta Section. On Sunday, October 16, 1977, a car derailed et Mile Post 271, which was within the assigned Malta Section. Carrier celled the section foreman from the Salida Section to rerail the car. He, in turn, called two laborers from the Salida Section to complete the work. Claimants allege that they were available for work on the day in question, that the work to be done was in the Malta Section, end that they had e right to do it. They filed e claim requesting five (5) hours et the punitive rate. Carrier denied the claim and it has been forwarded to this board for resolution.

The organization alleges that carrier violated the controlling agreement by not calling claimants to do work on their section. It cites Rule **15** (j) es its basis *for* this claim. That rule **reads in** pertinent part as follows:

"Work on Unassigned Days. Where work is required by the company to be performed on a day which is not a part of any assignment it may be performed by an available extra or unassigned employe who will otherwise not have forty (40) hours of work that week; in all other cases by the regular employe."

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The organization argues that this rule leaves no latitude for carrier in this case. if no extra men were available, claimants, as regular employes, had a right to be called to do the emergency **work** on their section.

Carrier claims the foreman who was called did not have claimants' phone numbers. He therefore called two men from his own section, Selide. Carrier also claims that the required work was emergency work and, as such, carrier was not obligated to call claimants. In accordance with Rule 4, Classification Rule, employes from seniority groups, other than regular employes, can be used in emergency situat Ions. The derailment on October 16, 1977 was an emergency. Thus, carrier was not required to call claimants.

A review of the record of this case and of the many awards cited on this point persuades this board that carrier did, In fact, violate the agreement when it failed to call claimants for the overtime work in the Malta Section on October 16, 1977. There is no question that Rule 15 (j), the rule that is operative In this case, requires that claimants, as regular employes should have been called, given the facts presented bere.

As to the carrier's statement that the foreman did not have claimants' telephone numbers and was therefore unable to call them, this board Is not impressed with this argument. First, the record of this case is not clear as to whether claimants' home numbers were available to the Salida Section foreman. What is clear, however, is that he made no attempt to try and contact them. Carrier has a greeter obligation in such cases. It cannot merely say, "The phone numbers are not available; therefore, the men need not be called for the work." This board, and particularly this division, has consistently held that carriers must make a reasonable effort to cell men to work, even In emergency situations, before the men can be bypassed. Ho showing is evident in the record before us that any effort wee made by carrier to contact claimants.

Carrier also argued that given the fact that an *emergency* existed, it bad the **right** to call those who could be reached moat. **easily.** While **this** issue need not be discussed here, the board does think that It should **be** noted that when **carrier raises a** defense of emergency, It is incumbent **on carrier** to **prove** that an emergency exists. A mere assertion **in the** record **is** not sufficient to result in such en act **ion. There is** no such showing **in** the record of this **case**; it **contains** only assertions, there **are** no facts to support it.

Carrier submitted e recent Third **Division** decision (Award **No. 22948 - Scheinman**) for **consideration** in this matter. A careful review of that award reveals it is totally out of phase with the facts of this **case.** In that award, a legitimate emergency existed. The section foreman had no way of knowing **that** claimant should **have** been called or how to get in touch with him. In considering the instant case before the board, it must be concluded that no emergency existed and **that** the foreman made no attempt to contact claimants. **There** is, however, e legitimate question in the record as to the **availability** of **claimants'** phone **numbers**. The two are **quite different cases** and Award **22948** cannot be considered on point here.

**FINDINCS:** The Third Division **of** the **Adjustment** Board, upon the whole record and **all** the evidence, finds and holds:

That the parties waived oral hearing;

That the Carrier and the Employer involved **in** this **dispute** are respectively Carrier and **Employes** within the **meaning of** the **Railway** Labor Act, es approved June 21, **1934**:

**That** this Division of the Adjustment Board has jurisdiction over the dispute involved herein; and

That the Agreement was violated.

## AWARD

Claim sustained.

NATIONAL RAIL ROAD ADJUSTMENT BOARD By Order of Third Division

Executive Secretary

Dated at Chicago, Illinois, this 28th day of October 1980.