## NATIONAL RAILROAD ADJUSTMENT BOARD

## THIRD DIVISION

Award **Number** 23266 Docket number CL-23398

Carlton R. Sickles, Referee

(Brotherhood of Railway, Airlineand Steamship Clerks, Freight Handlers, Express and Station Employes

PARTIES TO DISPUTE:

(Houston Belt and Terminal Railway Company

STATEMENT OF CLAIM: Claim of the System Committee of the Brotherhood (GL-9273) that:

- 1. Carrier violated the National Agreement dated January 13, 1979, between the parties when it failed and refused to properly apply the negotiated wage increases to the position of Chief Claim Clerk, occupied by Mrs. Evelyn Hartman.
- 2. Carrier **shall** now be **required** to properly **apply** all **national** wage increases to the position **of Chief Claim** Clerk as negotiated.
- 3. Carrier shall now be required to compensate Claimant Hartman for the difference in rate of pay allowed by Carrierand that to which entitled pursuant to the National Agreement dated January 13, 1979.

OPINION OF BOARD: Pursuant to an agreement dated April 4, 1973 between the District General Chairman and the President of the Carrier, the claimant was granted a \$1.50 merit increase effective April 1, 1973. The operative paragraph of this letter provides as follows:

"In above-mentioned conference, we agreed to a merit increase of \$1.50 per day effective April 1, 1973 which will apply to Mrs. Hartman only, and should she vacate this assignment of Chief Claim Clerk, the rate will automatically drop back to the original rate set up in the agreement plus any future general adjustments in the meantime."

The Agreement was on the letterhead of the Organization signed by the **District General Chairman**, and the last paragraph provided as follows:

"If the above is the correct understanding of our discussion, please advise by placing your signature in the space provided below, returning one copy for our file."

## Award Number 23266 Docket Number CL-23398

The signature of the **President of** the **Carrier** has been affixed to the letter. The question at issue is whether the \$1.50 per day merit increase is subject to further increase whenever there is an increase in the rate of pay pursuant to the prevailing collective bargaining Agreement. The claimant contends that the intent was to increase the rate of pay by \$1.50 and that any subsequent adjustments would affect the new rate of pay including the \$1.50. The Carrier contends that the \$1.50 is a fixed amount which is always paid in addition to the rate of pay which is separately adjusted as a result of wage increases.

There is some confusion in the pleadings because the Carrier indicates that for the belance of the contract which was in existence when this merit increase was awarded, that the \$1.50 fixed amount was not included in the rate of pay and, therefore, not subject to the subsequent adjustments. On the other hard, the claimant claims that the \$1.50 was made a part of the rate structure and thereafter all adjustments applied to the total rate Including the \$1.50.

We have concluded that the **memorandum Agreement** does not change the **rate of pay and** on Its face does not support the **claimant's** position that the **merit** increase was other than a stipulated amount to be added to the otherwise-negotiated **rate** of pay.

The **Organization** asserts that **if** the Intention was not to include the \$1.50 **figure** as a part of the rate of pay, then the Carrier should **have** added an appropriate clause to spell out this condition. **Insamuch** as the document was prepared by the Organization, the **same** argument could be **made** that **if** the \$1.50 were to be made as an **integral** part and establish a new rate of **pay**, then appropriate language should have been Included **to insure** that **subsequent adjustments would** affect the \$1.50 merit increase **as** well as the balance of the current **rate** Of pay.

We hare reviewed the memorandum of the claimant as to the manner in which her salary was handled in three subsequent pay adjustments indicating that the \$1.50 was, in fact, made a part of the rate and therefore increased in the subsequent adjustment. This raises the question as to whether a clerical mistake subsequently detected by an employe of the Carrier should forever bind the Carrier to an erroneous Interpretation of an Agreement between the parties. There is no indication that this improper interpretation of the Agreement was known by the principals who negotiated the Agreement and tier the circumstances, we do not agree that the clerical error should change the intent of the Agreement and bind the Carrier.

FINDINGS: The Third Division of the Adjustment Bard, upon the whole record and all the evidence, finds and holds:

That the parties waived oral hearing;

That the Carrier and the Employes involved in this dispute are respectively Carrier and Employes within the meaning of the Railway Labor Act, as approved June 21, 1934;

That this **Division of** the **Adjustment** Board has jurisdiction **over** the dispute Involved herein; **and** 

That the Agreement was not violated.

A W A R D

Claim denied.

NATIONAL RAILROAD ADJUSTMENT BOARD
By Order of Third Division

ATTEST: Tracuttive Socretary

Dated at Chicago, Illinois, this 15th day of April 1981.