## NATIONAL RAILROAD ADJUSTMENT BOARD

## THIRDDIVISION

Award Number 23455 Docket Number CL-23097

John J. Mikrut, Jr., Referee

(Brotherhood of Railway, Airline and Steamship Clerks, (Freight Handlers, Express and Station **Employes** 

PARTIES TO DISPUTE:

(Chesapeake and Ohio Railway Company

STATEMENT OF CLAIM: Claim of the System Committee of the Brotherhood (GL-8858)

- (a) That the Carrier violated provisions of the Clerks' General Agreement and Supplements thereto when on **Monday**, June 21, **1976**, they arbitrarily administered discipline of thirty (30) days actual suspension to **Operator** T. L. Waggoner in a Board of Inquiry.
- (b) That the Carrier now be required to rectify this act by the removal of all discipline from Operator T. L. Waggoner Service Record and make such record clear, and that Operator T. L. Waggoner be compensated for eight (8) hours pay for each and every day of the above mentioned thirty (30) days to include holiday pay and all overtire pay that Operator T. L. Waggoner would have earned.

OPINION OF BOARD: On June 4, 1976, Claiment was seigned to the (Operator's position on the 12:00 Midnight to 8:00 A.M. shift at NJ Cabin in Carrier's yard at Sciotoville, Ohio. At approximately 4:40 A.M. on said date a Vauces Turn train crew, which was in the process of picking up 131 empty cars, encountered some difficulty in effectuating this move while in the vicinity of Mile Post CN-3. Said difficulty, together with various related activities which occurred subsequent thereto, resulted in the derailment of two (2) of the train's empty cars.

Pursuant to said incident, an investigation was conducted in which Claimant was found "at fault for failure to repeat and understand verbal instructions affecting train **movement** . . . **in** violation of Rule K . ••" As a result of this determination, Claimant was assessed a thirty (30) day suspension which is the basis of the instant **claim**.

Although Organization has alleged several procedural errors on the part of Carrier in the handling of this matter, the Board is unable to ascertain any irregularity of a sufficiently serious nature which would have been materially prejudicial to Claiment's substantive rights (First Division Awards 15370, 16483, 17007, Second Division Award 4981, Third Division Awards 11170, 12243, 13674, 14272, 15055, 16121, 16172, 16268, 20423 and 21228). Thus, the resolution of this matter turns exclusively upon the merits of the case itself, and in this regard Organization contends that Carrier has failed to sustain the charges which have been leveled against Claimant; whereas Carrier contends that said charges were fully supported by substantial evidence and that the discipline which was assessed was neither too severe, arbitrary or capricious.

The Board has carefully read and studied the complete record in this dispute and is convinced that, while Claiment cannot be held solely responsible for the derailment which occurred on the morning of June 4, 1976, he was, nonetheless, partially responsible for the incident and his "contributory negligence", therefore, cannot be absolved (Third Division Award 22219).

There can be no doubt that Claimant, through his assignment, was playing. critic.1 role in the train movement which was being undertaken. Despite this fact, however, despite the fact that the weather condition at the time was "dark and foggy" (Tr. p. 7), and despite the fact thrt Claimant was lre.dy awarethat the train crew had experienced difficulty in completing the disputed move (Tr. pp. 20-21), Claimant, by his own admission, did not attempt to confirm or clarify ("repeat and understand") various messages which were either directed to him or which he himself was initiating. Moreover, Claimant, again by his own admission, made various assumptions regarding the movement which not only demonstrated extremely poor judgement on his port, but also which were erroneous, and thus contributed to the derailment itself.

Given the inherently dangerous nature of the railroading industry, such assumptions, whetherer not they produce calamitous consequences, are improper, and when detected, Carrier is certainly entitled to exercise ppropriote disciplinary action g.lnst the responsible party/parties. Such was the case in the instant matter and, insofar as the penalty which was assessed was neither arbitrary or capricious. Carrier section herein shall remain undisturbed.

FINDINGS: The Third **Division** of the Adjustment **Board**, upon the whole record and all the evidence, finds and holds:

That the puties waived oral hearing;

That the Carrier and the Employes involved in this dispute ore respectively Carrier and Employes within the meaning of the Railway Labor Act, as approved June 21, 1934;

That this Division of the Adjustment Board has jurisdiction over the dispute involved herein; and

That the Agreement was not violated.

AWARD

**Claim** denied.

NATIONAL RAILROAD ADJUSTMENT BOARD

By Order of Third Division

Attest: AU Pulls

Executive Secretory

Dated at Chicago, Illinois, this 8th day of December 1981.