NATIONAL RAILROAD ADJUSTMENT BOARD

THIRD DIVISION

Award Number 24054
Docket Number SC-24056

T. Page Sharp, Referee

(Brotherhood of Railroad Signalmen

PARTIES TO DISPUTE:

(Central of Georgia Railroad Company

"Claim of the General Committee of the Brotherhood of Railroad Signalmen on the Central of Georgia Railroad Company:

On behalf of Signal Foreman J. B. Dumas and Leading Signalman B. F. Jones for meal expense they incurred over the \$9.00 per day limit Carrier arbitrarily placed on meals for employees assigned to signal gangs in violation of Rule 28 of the Signalmen's Agreement, beginning with \$88.00 for Mr. Dumas, and \$62.55 for Mr. Jones, for the expanse period ending December 15, 1979, and continuing. "

OPINION OF BOARD: For a number of years Carrier had discontinued the use of camp cars and had housed signal— in motels. Employes were reimbursed for meals but a maximum per diem for meals was nine dollars. Several times before the Organization had arbitrated the propriety of the limit. Each time the decision went against the Petitioner.

The point of contention is the relationship between the Award of Arbitration Board No. 298 and the rules of the Agreement. Board 298 had established a schedule of benefits to be provided certain employes which included limits on food and lodging. The Organization was free to take some or all of the benefits. If it refused a benefit awarded by Board No. 298, the benefits of the employes reverted back to the Agreement.

The conflict arises between sections I-B(3) of the award of Board No. 298 and Rule 28 of the Agreement. Rule I-B(3) states:

'Section 1 -

I. The railroad company shall provide for the employees who are employed in a type of service, the nature of which regularly requires them throughout their work week to live away from home in camp cars, camps, highway trailers, hotels or motels as follows:

B. Meals

3. **If** the employees are required to obtain their meals in restaurants or **commissaries**, each employee shall be paid a meal allowance of \$3.00 par day."

and Rule 28 states:

"Rule 28 - Actual expenses will be allowed employees while away **from** their regular assigned **home** station in connection withtheir assignments. It is not the intention to pay for the expense of the noon-day meal for signal maintainers when working **on** their designated **sections."**

The Organization's **position** is that since **camp** cars are not furnished, the **employes** who would **have** occupied the **same** are **employes** who are away **from** their regular assigned **home** station **and come** within the purview of Rule 28.

The Carrier's position is that the employes are covered by **I-B(3)** and can claim no **more than \$3.00 per** day for **meals**. It contends that the \$9.00 per day is a gratuity and therefore that it had a **right** to set a limit.

Award 2 of public Law Board 2004 had considered the issues raised here and had concluded that the employes come within the embrace of Section 1 and denied the claim.

Award **23190** considered the identical question **and** also the award of Public **Law Board** No. **2004. In** addressing the issue of whether that award was palpably **wrong** the Board stated:

"Finally. we have noted the decision in Public Law

Board No. 2004. It is not incumbent upon us to base
our determination on the decision which we might have
rendered had we heard that case in the first instance.
The fact remains that it has a precedential value here,
absent a determination that it is palpably erroneous.
We are unable to reach such a deter&nation and, thus,
we do not find that the Employes have submitted a sufficient showing to compel us to find that the applicable
provisions of Board 298 do not apply in this instance.
Such being the case, we are unable to find a showing that
any rule has been violated in this instance, and we will
dismiss the claim."

Since the issuance of Award 23190 the Organization submitted Interpretation No. 84 (Question No. 1 - BRS and Central of Georgia Rwy. Co. to Arbitration Board No. 298.) The question and the answer stated:

'QUESTION: Brotherhood of Railroad Signalmen - Central of Georgia Railway Co. Did the option exercised by the General Chairman December 7,1967, and amended January 26,1968, abrogate provisions of the 'the existing Signalmen's Agreement to an extent which would permit the Carrier to unilaterally eliminate camp cars and avoid the payment of actual expenses for meals and lodging to signal gang employees formerly in camp cars'?

ANSWER: Neither the Award of Arbitration Board 298 nor the option exercised thereunder by the BRS on the Central of Georgia Rwy. Co. abrogated rules 14,28 or 61 of the existing Agreement between the parties.

The **Board** does not **assume** jurisdiction to determine the rights of the Carrier or the **Organization** under the schedule rules."

The **Organization** states that this Award establishes that Rule **28** was not superceded by the benefits of the Award of Arbitration Board No. 298. It contends that Rule 28 should be applied to the **signal employes** who would be in camp cars if such **were** furnished. These employes, it is argued, **become** employes away from **their** regular assigned home station. Their **meal** allowance then becomes their actual **expenses**.

The juxtaposition of the **Answer** to Question No. 84 into the Argument does not add to nor subtract **from** the former awards. In the **former** awards **it** was never contended that Rule 28had **been** abrogated. **The same** issue presented here had been presented to Public Law **Board 2004.** In considering whether the employes were away **from** their regular **assignment** the **Board** stated:

The Board finds that Signal Ging No. 6is comprised of employees whose character of service is that as annunciated in Section 1 (1) of the Award of Arbitration Board No. 298. That Claimants were not housed in camp cars neither serves to cause a change in the coverage of said Award, nor otherwise bring Claimants under Rule 28. See, among others, Third Division Awards 18496, 18497, and 18596. The Employee contention here raised, concerning the absence of the camp cars, was also presented to the Third Division which, in its Award 18522 (Rimer), labeled such as 'disingenuous argument' and there held that Claimants therein were covered by Section 1 of Award No. 298 and were properly compensated thereunder. Here, Claimants were not, as alleged, away from their home station."

The Board does not find that the question and answer-submitted to Arbitration Board No. 298 has diluted the effect of the former awards. In view of the long standing precedent concerning the meal allowance, this Board finds that the Agreement has not been violated.

FINDINGS: The Third **Division** of the Adjustment **Board**, **upon** the **whole** record and **all** the evidence, finds and holds:

That the parties waived oral hearing;

That the Carrier and the Employes involved in this dispute are respectively Carrier and Employes within the meaning of the Railway labor Act, as approved **Jume** 21, **1934**;

That this Division of the Adjustment Board has jurisdiction wer the dispute involved herein; and

That the Agreement was not violated.

A W A R D

Claim denied.

NATIONAL RAILROAD **ADJUSTMENT BOARD**By Order of Third Division

Attest: Acting Executive Secretary

National Railroad Adjustment Board

Rosemarie Brasch - Administrative Assistant

Dated at Chicago, Illinois, this 29th day of November 1982.

Chico 92