NATIONAL RAILROAD ADJUSTMENT BOARD

THIRD DIVISION

Award Number 24072 Docket Ember SG-23780

Martin F. Scheinman, Referee

(Brotherhood of Railroad Signalmen

PARTIES TO DISHJTE: (
(Southern Pacific Transportation Company (Pacific Lines)

"Claim of the General Committee of the Brotherhood of
Railroad Signalmen on the Southern Pacific Transportation
Company (Pacific Lines):

- (a) The Southern Pacific Transportation Company (Pacific Lines) has violated the agreement effective October 1, 1973, between the Company and the employee of the **Signal Department** represented by the Brotherhood of Railroad **Signalmen and** particularly Rules 7, 9, 16 and 72.
- (b) Mr.T. L. **Spangler** be **allowed additional** compensation for fifteen hours at hi8 overtime **rate** on April 1, 1979." (Carrier file: SIG 148-288)

OPINION OF BOARD: Claimant T. L. Spangler, at the time the dispute arose, was a signalman assigned to Gang No.23 at Klamath Falls, Oregon. J. B. Wisor was a Leading Signalman assigned to the same gang. On Sunday, April 1, 1979 J. B. Wisor was called in by Carrier to handle crossing gate trouble at Viewland, California, resulting in fifteen hour8 overtimepay.

The Organization argues that Claimant should have been called in on April 1, 1979 since he was senior in service to Wisor. It claims that Rule 16 supports its contention. In relevant part, Rule 16 states:

"Where **gang** men are required to work overtime, the senior man in a class in the **gang shall** be given preference to such overtime work."

The Organization argues that "class" in Rule 16 means "seniority class" and not "classification". It notes that in other places in the agreement "class" means "seniority class" and that, therefore, the word "class" should be applied consistently throughout the agreement.

The Organization also maintains that other Rules in the agreement, particularly Rules 7, 9 end 72 require that the overtime work should have been given to Claimant. Therefore, the Organization asks that Claimant be compensated for fifteen hours at his overtime rate on April 1, 1979.

Carrier, on the other hand, **asserts** that it did not violate the Agreement. It **points** to anumber of other **Awards** on this property which **indicate** that "class" in Rule **16** means "classification" and not "seniority class".

The Carrier **also objects** to any consideration by the Board of Rules other than Rule **16.** It note8 **that** no other Rules allegedly violated were referred to by the **Organization until** June 20, **1979**, **eighty-two days after** the occurrence.

Furthermore, the Carrier claim8 that none of these additional Rule8 cited by the Organization were violated. It maintain8 that none of **these** Rule8 prohibit the assignment of the overtime work to Leading Signalman J. B. Wisor.

First, we are convinced that Rules **7, 9** and 72 are not apposite here. They simply do not relate to the underlying dispute presented. **Thus,** the crucial rule **is** Rule **16.**

After **analyzing** the evidence **and** argument presented, we must conclude that the claim **is** without merit. **As** such, we will deny it in its entirety.

The same basic issue was decided by this Board in Awards 12668 end 12936. In those, and several other cases, we have rejected the claims advanced by the Organization here.

This **Board has** long held to the view **that** in the absence of convincing evidence that **an** earlier award was palpably erroneous that the earlier **award** not be overturned. While the **Organization has** raised significant points here, we are nevertheless persuaded **that** the **Employes** have **failed** to establish that our earlier holding8 **were** palpably erroneous. In the **absence** of such proof **-** consistent with the time honored doctrine of stare **decisis - the claim** must fail. We **will** deny it in its entirety.

FINDINGS: The Third Division of the Adjustment Board, upon the whole record end all the evidence, find8 and holds:

That the parties waived oral hearing;

That the Carrier and the Employes involved in this dispute are respectively Carrier and Employes within the meaning of the Railway Labor Act, as approved June 21, 1934;

That this Division of the Adjustment Board has jurisdiction over the dispute involved herein; end

That the Agreement was not violated.

A W A R D

Claim denied.

NATIONAL RAILROAD ADJUSTMENT BOARD By Order of Third Division

Attest:

Acting Executive Secretary
National Railroad Adjustment Board

Rosemarie Brasch - AdministrativeAssistant

Dated at Chicago, Illinois, this 14th day of December 1982.