NATIONAL RAILROAD ADJUSTMENT BOARD

THIRD DIVISION

Award Number 24364 Docket Number SG-246'73

Paul C. Carter, Referee

Brotherhood **of** Railroad Signalmen

PARTIES TO DISPUTE:

(Chicago, Milwaukee, St. Paul and Pacific Railroad Company

STATEMENT OF CLAIM: "Claim of the General **Committee** of the **Brotherhood** of **Railroad** Signalmen on the Chicago, Milwaukee, St. **Paul** and Pacific Railroad Company:

Case No. F-1098

(a) The Carrier violated **the Signalmen's** Agreement, **as** amended, particularly Rule **32**, **the** discipline rule, **when** on April **14**, **1981**, it imposed excessive discipline (dismissal from service) on Mr. T. M. Bartels for his alleged responsibility **in connection** with falsely **advising** the carrier of his **home** address. **in** order to become eligible for **payment** of **meal and** lodging expenses.

(b) The carrier should now be required to **reinstate Mr.** Bartels to his **former** position at Merriam Park (St. Paul) with all rights and benefits unimpaired **and compensate** him for **all time** lost until he is reinstated."

OPINIONOFBOARD: Claiment, a Signalman, was employed in a type of service which, under certain conditions, qualified him for meal and lodging expense under Rule 24 of the applicable Agreement. Rule 24 of the Agreement contains the following NOTE:

> 'NOTE: No meal or lodging allowance will be made for any meal or lodging expense not actually incurred by the employee and no meal or ●□ ≏ \b) (■ \b) ● llowencewillbe provided when the employees's (sic) home is within thirty (30) miles of headquarters."

There is no dispute that prior to February 17, 1981, Claimant resided at Newport, Minnesota. On that date Claimant had • discussion with the Foremen of the crew es to whether or not he was entitled to the meal and lodging benefits of the Agreement. The For- advised the Claimant he was not entitled to such benefits because his home was less than thirty miles from the job site. In a statement of the Foremen, made in f-l investigation conducted on April 9, 1981, he stated:

> "... I again **informed** Mr. Bartels he wasn't entitled to a **room** end **meals.** At this time, **Mr.** Bartels made the statement 'I will **show** you how the big dogs play the **game**,' **then made** out a **change** of address form, sent a wire to the Chicago office informing **them** of his address **change** to Hastings, Minnesota, **approximately 34** miles **from** the job site. At approximately

1:00 P.M., I called Mr. E. R. Hubley, Signal Engineer, et Chicago, informing him of the problem and Let himtalk to Mr. Bertels. After he was done talking to Mr. Hubley, I again talked to Mr. Hubley, end Mr. Hubley informed me that Mr. Bertels was entitled to a room and meals end I should enter them on the time sheet, which I did."

Because of whet the **Carrier** considered **questionable circumstances** surrounding Claimant's submitting a change of address on February 17, 1981 end thereby becoming eligible for meal end lodging allowance under the Agreement, en investigation was begun by the Carrier to determine Claimant's actual residence.

On March 23, 1981, Claimant was notified:

"You are hereby notified that a formal investigation will be held et 9:00 A%Wednesday, April 1, 1981 in the Engineering Office, Minneapolis Depot; Minneapolis, Minnesota, for the purpose of developing all the facts end circumstances in connection with the following charges:

- On Tuesday, February 17, while 'employed es signalman in Foreman Carlson's signal crew, falsely advising your for- end the Chicago Office that you had changed your home address from 1825 First Avenue, Newport, Minnesota, to 537 McNamara, Hastings, Minnesota, in order to become eligible for payment of meal expenses on the dates of February 17, 18, 19, 20, 23, 24, 25, 26 end 27, end March 2, 3, 5, 6, 9, 10, 11, 12 end 13, 1981.
- 2. Cm Tuesday, February 17, while employed es signalman in For- Carlson's signal crew, falsely advising your for- end the Chicago Office that you had changed your home address from 1825First Avenue, Newport, Minnesota, to 537 McNamara Avenue, Hastings, Minnesota, thereby requiring the Milwaukee Railroad to pay for motel rooms to which you were not entitled on the nights of February 17, 18, 19 and March 5, 1981.
- 3. In connection with the above two incidents, violation of Rule 24, Section 5 "Note" of the Agreement between the Chicago, Milwaukee, St. Paul end Pacific Railroad Company end Brotherhood of Railroad Signalmen, end Rules 700, 700B and M-702 of the Operating Rules for Employees in the Maintenance of Way end Structures end the Signal end Communication Department, Form 3597 Revised."

The rules referred to **in the** letta of **charge were** reed into the **investigation, conducted on** April **9, 1981.** They **are also quoted** in the Cerrier's submission, ere pert of the record before the **Board**, end **we** see **no** necessity for repeating them here. The **investigation, originally** scheduled for April **1, 1981**,

was postponed to April 9, 1981, following which Claimant was notified on April 14, 1981, of his dismissal from service.

A copy of the transcript of the investigation conducted on April 9, 1981, has been made a pert of the record. In that investigation substantial evidence was produced that Claimant had not actually changed his address from Newport, Minnesota, to Hastings, Minnesota. Claimant contended that he moved beck to Newport from Hastings on February 20, 1981, and that the foremen was aware of his moving beck to Hastings. The foremen denied that Claimant said anything to him on February 20, 1981, thet he had moved beck to Newport. Claimant admitted, however, that he did not file a change of address, when he allegedly moved beck to Newport from Hastings on February 20, 1981.

It was developed in the investigation that Claimant was paid the meals and Lodging allowance on the dates specified in the letter of charge. Claimant's statement about his checks being sent to the Hastings Depot, picked up by his wife, who deposited them in the bank end filed the stubs, that he never sew the stubs end hed no knowledge es to just whet he was paid for, is not persuasive. Neither ere his statements about being under stress, herrassed, etc. None of these situations would justify a violation of the rules.

The **Organization, in** its **submission,** contends the **Carrier** violated Rule 32(e) of the Agreement, especially **that** portion reading:

"After the date the notice to **appear for the investigation** hes been **issued** end prior to the **date** of the **investigation**, the' **employe** cited to **appear** for the **investigation may**, in **company** with his duly authorized **representative(s)**, confer with **the** officer of the **carrier preferring** the charge(s) **against** the **employe** for **the** purpose of **reaching an agreement on the** validity of the **charge(s)** preferred **against** the **employe** and the **proposed** discipline to be administered."

This matter was brought up in the investigation by Claimant's representative questioning Carrier's Signal Engineer:

- "1.50. Mr. Hubley, did on or about April 2, 1981, did you have telephone conversation with Mr. Bertels et which time he ● sked you requested a pre-hearing conference, which is permissible under our schedule, Rule 32, Paragraph E?
- A. That is correct.

151. Was this conference **denied**? A. Yes.

152. Even though that this is a violation of **our** agreement?
A. No, sir, not a violation. He asked for this pre-hearing conference to **one** of the things he brought up that he would like to **pay** for the **meals** end the **room** that he had taken.

(The ● bove quoted portion of Rule 32(e) reed.)

At the **time** of this telephone cell, he **was** merely asking for a pre-hearing conference; he did **not** ask **hisrepresentative** with **him**.

A. He did not heve his representative with him. That's right."

On further questioning by **the** conducting officer, the **Signel** Engineer testified:

- "158. At any time after the notice of investigation was issued, were you contacted by a member of his union or • representetive of Mr. Bartels?
- A. Uh, the only contact I had wes when Leo came in the office, I believe it was Monday we had, when he was in company with the vice president, with Harwell, and we brought up the investigation and I don't recall the conversation on thet but I did inform him it would be on the 9th, but Leo had already knew this.
- 159. Was there any request et that time for a pre-investigation hearing?
- A. I don't believe so."

It would **appear that** the **entire** issue of Rule **32(e)** was loosely handled by both sides. The Claimant was not "in company with his duly authorized representative(s)", which is a requirement of the rule, end the **testimony** of the **Signal** Engineer wes to the effect thet whet **Claimant wanted to** discuss with him was the possibility of **paying** for **themeals** end the room. We do not think such was the purpose beck of Rule 32(e). We do not consider **that** Rule **32(e)** was violated. A review of the correspondence covering the on-property handling shows that the **primary contention** of **the Organization** concerned **the amount** of discipline imposed, **taking** the position **that dismissal was** excessive. While there wes a general **allegation that** Rule 32 was violated, there was no specific mention of Rule **32(e)** or the manner in which the **Organization** considered **it**violeted. It is well settled that this Board, being an eppellete **tribunal**, may only consider issues end defenses **raised** by the **parties** in the on-property handling. Further, general **allegations may** not be made in the on-property handling end specifics provided for **the** first **time in** presentation to the Boerd.

Also, in its submission to the Boerd the Organization complains that the same Cerrier officer preferred the charges, issued the discipline, end denied the initial appeal. We do not find that any such complaint wes made in the on-property handling and it, therefore, is not properly before the Boerd for consideration.

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On the record before us, there is no proper basis for the Board to interfere with the discipline imposed by the Carrier. Considering the nature of the offense, end **Claiment's** prior record, which **was** raised by the Carrier **in** the handling of the dispute on the property, the discipline imposed **was** not excessive.

FINDINGS: The Third **Division** of the Adjustment Board, upon the whole record and all the evidence, finds end holds:

That the parties waived oral hearing;

Thet the Carrier and the **Employes** involved in this dispute **are** respectively Carrier end **Employes** within the **meaning** of the **Railway** Labor Act, es approved June 21, 1934;

Thet this Division of the Adjustment **Board has** jurisdiction over the dispute involved herein; end

That the Agreement was not violated.

AWARD

Claim denied.

יי 1 NATIONAL RAILROAD ADJUSTMENT BOARD By Order of Third Division

Attest: Acting Executive Secretary National Railroad Adjustment Board

B٦ Rosemarie Brasch - Administrative Assistant

Dated et Chicago, Illinois, this 13th day of May 1983.