NATIONAL RAILROAD ADJUSTMENT BOARD

THIRD DIVISION

Award Number 24074 Docket Number MW-24316

Tedford E. Schoonover, Referee

(Brotherhood of Maintenance of Way Employes

PARTIES TO DISPUTE:

(Seaboard Coast Line Railroad Company

STATEMENT OF CLAIM: "Claim of the System Committee of the Brotherhood that:

- (1) The suspension of five (5) days imposed upon Trackman Willie Tolbert for alleged violation of 'Rule 17-b of the Agreement between the Seaboard Coast Line Railroad and the Brotherhood of Maintenance of Way Employees, and Rule 18 of the Safety Rules and General Rule 2 of the Safety Rules for Engineering and Maintenance of Way Employees' was improper, arbitrary, capricious, unwarranted and on the basis of unproven charges (System File 37-SCL-80-109/12-39(80-28) G1).
- (2) The claimant's record be cleared and he shall be compensated for all wage loss suffered."

OPINION OF BOARD: At approximately 1:45 AM on February 19, 1980, claimant received a telephone call at his home from his Section Foreman instructing him to report immediately for duty at a derailment site. The main line of the railroad was blocked and it was urgent to repair the damage as soon as possible. Claimant advised his foreman he would report as directed. He failed to do so and did not report for work until the start of his regular shift at 7:30 AM.

Shortly after the first call the Section Foreman made a second call to the claimant's home which was answered by claimant's wife. There is some conflict as to her reply. The foreman testified that she advised claimant had already gone to work. The claimant says she advised he was out in the yard working with his car. Claimant's defense is that he could not get his car started; that he tried to call the foreman but got no reply. He testified he also tried to call another member of the section crew who was in a car pool but was unable to get an answer. He admits not trying to call any other officer of the Carrier, saying he was so disgusted with his car and did not think about it.

Because of failure to report for work as directed he was charged with the following rules violations:

Rule 17-b of the Agreement between the Seaboard Coast Line Railroad Company and the Brotherhood of Maintenance of Way Employees which reads:

"An employee desiring to be absent from service must obtain permission from his Foreman or the proper officer. In case an employee is unavoidably kept from work, he must be able to furnish proof of his inability to notify his foreman or proper officer."

Rule 18 of the Safety Rules for Engineering and Maintenance of Way Employees which reads:

"Insubordination will subject the offender to dismissal."

and

General Rule 2 of the Safety Rules for Engineering and Maintenance of Way Employees which reads:

"Obedience to the rules is essential to Safety."

Following investigation as required by the rules claimant was assessed discipline of suspension from duty for five days.

Rule 17-b is clear in providing that when an employe is unavoidably kept from work he must be able to furnish proof of inability to notify his foreman or proper officer. In this case it is understandable that claimant may not have been able to reach his foreman by phone who had probably already gone to deal with the emergency. Claimant did not, however, make any further effort to get word of his inability to report to work as directed. He did not try to contact anyone at Rockport although he knew the telephone number at that office and had called it before. His answer when questioned on this point, was that he was disgusted with his car and did not think about it. This is hardly a responsible or satisfactory answer for a regular employe whose services were needed in an emergency situation. He said his car problem was due to a defective battery. This was not the first trouble he had with getting his car started; it had given the same kind of trouble prior to this occasion. Finally, later in the week, claimant purchased a new battery to correct the problem. Recognizing the necessity of reliable transportation to get to work on a dependable basis makes it a principal requirement that such a critical item as a functioning battery be given priority attention; not allowed to go unattended as was done in this case.

The clear fact is that claimant violated Rule 17-b by failing to furnish proof of his inability to notify his foreman that he was unavoidably kept from work and oversight in failing to notify the Rockport office. Had he done so other help could have been secured to assist with the emergency work. As it was, the crew was short handed and this caused violations of the safety rules referred to. Rule 18 refers to insubordination which is applicable to the extent that the employe failed to report as directed without any acceptable explanation of such failure.

In view of our review of the circumstances as discussed herein, it is the opinion of the Board that the discipline was not unreasonable and we therefore, deny the claim.

FINDINGS: The Third Division of the Adjustment Board, upon the whole record and all the evidence, finds and holds:

That the parties waived oral hearing;

That the Carrier and the Employes involved in this dispute are respectively Carrier and Employes within the meaning of the Railway Labor Act, as approved June 21, 1934;

That this Division of the Adjustment Board has jurisdiction over the dispute involved herein; and

That this Division of the Adjustment Board has jurisdiction over the dispute involved herein; and

That the Agreement was not violated.

AWARD

Claim denied.

NATIONAL RAILROAD ADJUSTMENT BOARD By Order of Third Division

ATTEST: Acting Executive Secretary
National Railroad Adjustment Board

Rosemarie Brasch - Administrative Assistant

Dated at Chicago, Illinois, this 14th day of December 1982.