

**NATIONAL RAILROAD ADJUSTMENT BOARD
THIRD DIVISION**

**Award No. 44998
Docket No. MW-43040
Old NRAB-00003-150227
New 23-3-NRAB-00003-220929**

The Third Division consisted of the regular members and in addition Referee Patricia T. Bittel when award was rendered.

**(Brotherhood of Maintenance of Way Employees Division –
(IBT Rail Conference**

PARTIES TO DISPUTE: (

(Union Pacific Railroad Company

STATEMENT OF CLAIM:

“Claim of the System Committee of the Brotherhood that:

(1) The Agreement was violated when the Carrier assigned outside forces to perform Maintenance of Way and Structures Department work (clear brush and trees on right of way and related work) at various locations in the vicinity of Mile Posts 284 to 313.97 on the Adams Subdivision beginning on December 16, 2013 through December 28, 2013 (System File B-1401C-117/1600091 CNW).

(2) The Agreement was further violated when the Carrier failed to notify the General Chairman in writing as far in advance of the date of the contracting transaction as is practicable and in any event not than fifteen (15) days prior thereto regarding the aforesaid work and when it failed to make a good-faith effort to reduce the incidence of contracting out scope covered work and increase the use of its Maintenance of Way forces as required by Rule 1 and the December 11, 1981 National Letter of Agreement (Appendix '15 ').

(3) As a consequence of the violations referred to in Parts (1) and/or (2) above, Claimants S. Lehmann, T. Gustavson, R. Harrison and S. Peterson shall now '* be compensated at their respective rates of pay for an equal share of all man/hours, worked by Contractor forces performing the brush cutting on the dates under claim' (Emphasis in original)."**

FINDINGS:

The Third Division of the Adjustment Board, upon the whole record and all the evidence, finds that:

The carrier or carriers and the employee or employees involved in this dispute are respectively carrier and employee within the meaning of the Railway Labor Act, as approved June 21, 1934.

This Division of the Adjustment Board has jurisdiction over the dispute involved herein.

Parties to said dispute were given due notice of hearing thereon.

Factual Background:

On December 16, 2013 through December 28, 2013, the Carrier outsourced the work of clearing brush and trees on the right of way and associated duties between Mile Posts 284 through 313.97 on the Adams Subdivision.

The Organization asserts this outsourcing was in violation of the parties' collective bargaining agreement. Rule 1(B) holds that:

RULE 1 - SCOPE

- A. The rules contained herein shall govern the hours of service, working conditions and rates of pay of all employees in any and all subdepartments of the Maintenance of Way and Structures Department, (formerly covered by separate agreements with the C&NW, CStPM&O, CGW, Ft.DDM&S, DM&CI, and MI) represented by the Brotherhood of Maintenance of Way Employees.
- B. Employees included within the scope of this Agreement in the Maintenance of Way and Structures Department shall perform all work in connection with the construction, maintenance, repair and dismantling of tracks, structures and other facilities used in the operation of the Company in the performance of common Carrier service on the operating property. This paragraph does not pertain

to the abandonment of lines authorized by the Interstate Commerce Commission.

By agreement between the Company and the General Chairman, work as described in the preceding paragraph, which is customarily performed by employees described herein, may be let to contractors and be performed by contractors. However, such work may only be contracted provided that special skills not possessed by the Company's employees, special equipment not owned by the Company, or special material available only when applied or installed through supplier, are required; or unless work is such that the Company is not adequately equipped to handle the work; or time requirements must be met which are beyond the capabilities of Company forces to meet.

In the event the Company plans to contract out work because of one of the criteria described herein, it shall notify the General Chairman of the Brotherhood in writing as far in advance of the date of the contracting transaction as is practicable and in any event not less than fifteen (15) days prior thereto, except in 'emergency time requirements' cases. If the General Chairman, or his representative, requests a meeting to discuss matters relating to the said contracting transaction, the designated representative of the Company shall promptly meet with him for that purpose. The Company and the Brotherhood representatives shall make a good faith attempt to reach an understanding concerning said contracting, but if no understanding is reached, the Company may nevertheless proceed with said contracting and the Brotherhood may file and progress claims in connection therewith. (See Appendix '15')

Nothing contained herein shall be construed as restricting the right of the Company to have work customarily performed by employees included within the scope of this Agreement performed by contract in emergencies that affect the movement of traffic when additional force or equipment is required to clear up such emergency condition in the shortest time possible. * * *

Appendix 15 (the December 11, 1981 Letter of Agreement) states as follows in pertinent part:

Dear Mr. Berge: * * *

The carriers assure you that they will assert good-faith efforts to reduce the incidence of subcontracting and increase the use of their maintenance of way forces to the extent practicable, including the procurement of rental equipment and operation thereof by carrier employees.

The parties jointly reaffirm the intent of Article IV of the May 17, 1968 Agreement that advance notice requirements be strictly adhered to and encourage the parties locally to take advantage of the good faith discussions provided for to reconcile any differences. In the interests of improving communications between the parties on subcontracting, the advance notices shall identify the work to be contracted and the reasons therefor. * * *

Please indicate your concurrence by affixing your signature in the space provided below.

Very truly yours,

/s/ Charles I. Hopkins, Jr.
Charles I. Hopkins, Jr.

I concur:
/s/ O. M. Berge

The Carrier's Notice dated December 28, 2012, states in pertinent part:

PLACE: At various locations on the Chicago Service Unit.

SPECIFIC WORK: Providing fully fueled, operated and maintained tractors, mowers and other equipment necessary to control vegetation commencing January 01, 2013 thru December 31, 2013.

Additionally, the Carrier's Notice dated November 12, 2013, states:

PLACE: At various locations on the Chicago Service Unit.

SPECIFIC WORK: Providing fully fueled, operated and maintained tractors, mowers, brush cutters, and other equipment necessary to control brush and vegetation commencing November 12, 2013 through December 31, 2013.

Position of Organization:

As the Organization sees it, "all work" means what it says, and the Organization is not required to demonstrate past work performance when the disputed work is reserved by express contract language.

The Organization notes the record contains no showing that the work could not have been scheduled in a manner to include Claimants; they were assigned to the Boone Subdivision at the time of the contracting of the box culvert and removal.

In the Organization's assessment, neither of the Carrier's letters comes close to constituting proper advance notification of a specific contracting transaction as required by the Agreement.

Position of Carrier:

The Carrier maintains the Organization failed to set forth the name of the contractor or what tools and equipment were allegedly used to perform the claimed work. The Carrier argued this lack of information left the Carrier in a vulnerable position of not being able to make a detailed examination of the allegations.

The Carrier contended that the brush cutting equipment owned by the contractors not only has the ability to cut brush while on or off the rails of the track, but also had a greater reach than Carrier-owned equipment. It argued it was not adequately equipped for the project, and needed the contractor's equipment.

The Carrier notes Claimants were fully employed during performance of the contested work, either on their normal assignments or observing paid vacation and personal leave days. It reasons that since they lost no income, there is no damage to be remedied in this case.

Analysis:

The Organization maintains that Rule 1(B) establishes a strong presumption that work reserved to Maintenance of Way forces will be performed by them. In its view, only when the Carrier can establish an exception will the Carrier be permitted to contract out reserved work. By contrast, the Carrier cites Third Division Award 37480 for the proposition that the Scope Rule is general in nature, and the BMWWE must establish that it has traditionally performed the work as a matter of customary and historical performance before it can establish a contract violation.

On this point we find the Organization's position to be more persuasive. Section B of Rule 1 unequivocally assigns to the BMWWE "all work in connection with the construction, maintenance, repair and dismantling of tracks, structures and other facilities...." This is mandatory language. It sets forth a clear intent that such work be assigned to the BMWWE. As such, we find it establishes a presumption that the described work will be assigned to the BMWWE. We find that brush cutting is required for maintenance of way and therefore falls within the general description of Rule 1(B).

The second paragraph of Section B states that the work described in the first paragraph "is customarily performed by employees described herein." This constitutes an agreement between the parties that the work described in the first paragraph of Section B is jointly considered to have customarily been performed by the BMWWE. The language starts with the words "By agreement between the Company and the General Chairman," meaning that what follows has been the subject of joint assent. As such, it cannot serve as imposition of a burden upon the Organization to establish that the work in question has customarily been performed by affected employees. To the contrary, it expresses a stipulation between the parties that it has.

Section B goes on to clearly articulate situations where an exception is recognized. These exceptions in no way negate the general intent that identified work be assigned to BMWWE, but instead identify circumstances where the general proposition will be narrowed to allow for negotiated exceptions. In those cases, the Carrier is permitted to contract out work that would otherwise be considered BMWWE work.

We find the work of brush cutting to fall within the general description of scope under Rule(B), and therefore that proper notice was required.

The Notice given in this case failed to specify a reason for outsourcing the work. This Notice fails the express requisites of Appendix 15, incorporated by reference into the parties' Agreement. As more fully explained in Award NRAB-3-220922, this Board does not have the authority to negate a provision the parties have negotiated into their contractual obligations. Appendix 15 requires that notices of outsourcing "identify the work to be contracted and the reasons therefor." It follows that the Notice here concerned was not in compliance with the Carrier's contractual obligations.

In this case, Claimants were fully employed during the entirety of the time that the contracting was going on. This fact was substantiated with payroll records. The Carrier contends that this fact precludes a remedy and cites precedent: "monetary compensation is not awarded in the absence of a proven loss of earnings or work opportunity by Claimants notwithstanding the improper contracting of work." Third Division Award 37103.

The Organization counters, arguing that the Board has historically paid fully employed claimants under the applicable Agreement. Specifically, it cites Award 40819:

We turn, then to consideration of the remedy question. Although the Carrier asserted a full-employment defense, it did so on the basis of three prior Awards that involve a different Rule and a different Agreement. If full-employment was allowed to serve as a defense to a monetary remedy, the defense would effectively allow the Carrier to violate the Agreement with impunity. Thus, the asserted defense is not persuasive here.

The problem here is that both parties are right, but it cannot be both ways. If the Carrier's argument is accepted, the Organization would by definition be denied a remedy in every single case where Claimants were employed, and the Carrier would be free to repeatedly violate Rule 1(B) without consequence. By contrast, if the Organization's argument is given deference, Claimants would be compensated when they have not been deprived of payment for their work.

We are persuaded that the obligation of the Board to interpret and enforce the parties' Agreement is our preeminent function, and to allow contract violations to continue without consequence is an affront to that function. It is well accepted in remediating contract breach that the law seeks to fashion a remedy where breach has occurred. Applicable precedent provides us with only two options: look the other way

or grant the claim. We find granting the claim to be the better choice for upholding the terms of the parties' Agreement.

Claim sustained in accordance with findings. Claimants S. Lehmann, T. Gustavson, R. Harrison and S. Peterson shall be compensated at their respective straight time rates of pay for an equal share of all man/hours worked by contractor forces performing the brush cutting from December 16 through 28, 2013.

AWARD

Claim sustained.

ORDER

This Board, after consideration of the dispute identified above, hereby orders that an award favorable to the Claimant(s) be made. The Carrier is ordered to make the Award effective on or before 30 days following the postmark date the Award is transmitted to the parties.

NATIONAL RAILROAD ADJUSTMENT BOARD
By Order of Third Division

Dated at Chicago, Illinois, this 28th day of June 2023.