In the Matter of Arbitration

Between

Transportation - Communications International Union

And

Kansas City Southern Railway Company : Case 2

OPINION AND AWARD

Pursuant to Article I, Section 11 of New York

Dock Conditions

ICC Finance Docket No. 32167

Hearing Date: September 30, 1998

Place of Hearing: Kansas City, Missouri

Member of the Committee:

Carrier Member: John Morse

Organization Member: Phillip T. Trittel

Neutral Member

Eckehard Muessig



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BACKGROUND

In November 1992, application with the Interstate Commerce Commission (ICC) was filed by Kansas City Southern (KCS) for control of MidSouth Rail Corporation (MSRC). The acquisition was approved in June 1993, Finance Docket #32167, and under the terms of the acquisition, New York Dock Protective Conditions were imposed.

The Organization has framed the question at issue as follows:

- 1. Did the unilateral transfer of Customer Service
 Requests work performed by MidSouth Rail Corporation
 clerical employees at Bossier City, Louisiana to
 employees of the Kansas City Southern Railway Company
 at Shreveport, Louisiana without notice under Article
 I, Section 4 of New York Dock Conditions constitute
 a violation of New York Dock Conditions?
- 2. If the answer to Question No. 1 is in the affirmative, shall the Carrier be required to pay eight (8) hours pay to every available extra board and furloughed employee on the MidSouth roster until the proper notice is issued under New York Dock Conditions?

The Carrier, for its part, presented the issue before the Board by providing the statement of claim progressed by the Organization. That reads as follows:

Claim on behalf of every available Extra Clerk and every furloughed employee for eight (8) hours pay at time and one-half commencing February 14, 1997 and continuing each date thereafter account Carrier allegedly transferred clerical work from MidSouth Rail to KCS.

The claim at issue here arose on April 4, 1997. It asserts that, on September 4, 1996, Carrier official J. D. Talley issued instructions that the Carrier's Bossier Operations Center on the MSPC would be a contact point for customers. The claim further states that, on February 11, 1997, the Organization discovered that "customer service calls concerning customers on MidSouth Rail Corporation were being fielded in Shreveport, Louisiana, on the Kansas City Southern Railroad." Accordingly, the claim contends that, because KCS employees in Shreveport, Louisiana handled calls from customers of the MSRC, the

Carrier violated New York Dock Conditions because it did not provide proper notice of the transfer of work. Additionally, the claim asserts that the Carrier violated Scope Rule 1. The Organization states that the claimed work had been performed exclusively by MSRC employees before the MSRC was purchased by KCS in 1993.

Before addressing the issues here, it is apparent that the Organization has dropped its Scope Rule claim. In any event, this would not have been the proper forum for such a claim.

FINDINGS AND OPINION

Turning then to the question and claim before the Board, we find that the Organization has not met its burden of proof. Indeed, the Claimant failed during the presentation of his initial claim and, continued to fail as the claim was progressed on the property, to provide the key document on which he has relied, namely the September 4, 1996 "Instructions." Moreover, the statements provided by the Organization in its letter of July 28, 1998 are inconclusive as to what work was taken away, time involved, etc.

The Organization bears the burden of proof to establish by probative evidence the validity of its claim. It has failed to meet its burden in this instance.

AWARD

The claim is denied.

Carrier Member

Neutral Member

Organization Member

Dated: