PUBLIC LAW BOARD NO. 4816

Parties to the Dispute In The Matter of the Arbitration between

CSX Transportation Inc. (former Louisville & Nashville)

Case No. 1

and

Brotherhood of Maintenance of Way Employes

STATEMENT OF CLAIM

			ID NO.				ID NO.
2. 3. 4. 5. 6. 7. 8. 9.	B.L. R.V. L.W. B.S. L.B. M. B. D.W. J.C. G.A.	Morgan Hansel Levins Hicks Hess Smiley	180301** 187928* 187654* 188285** 188321 187630**F 187631*B 187675 187841* 187842*	25. 26. 27. 28. 29. 30. 31. 32.	J.H. J.A. D.W. C.F. R.R. H.W. R.H. D.E. S.D.	Wells Aldridge Walton Steele Bonds, Jr.	185571** 185704** 187641 187678 187752 187965 188079** 188216 188303 188411*
12. 13. 14. 15. 16. 17. 18. 19. 20. 21. 22.	F.L. G.B. J.S. A.G. J.A. B.G. G.W. F.L. W.F.	Downs Martin Prater Reams McFadden Swartz Gernert Hammons Muncy Jones Bronaugh Johnson Cheek	187883*** 188082 188284 188301 188307** 188382* 188407 188423 188426 188427 197021* 188334** 187441*	35. 36. 37. 38. 39. 40. 41. 42. 43. 44.	C. Ho W.L. J.D. D.R. M.L. G.K. D.D. G.D. G.D.	Reuter Durst Durst White Bond Henderson Combs Olwell Marinski Johnson	188490 196044* 629267 629307 629307 187958 187190 197025* 522379 188193* 629579 185748 187258

"Claimants should be paid all expenses due them under Arbitration Board Award 298, from June 13, 1988, and continuous until violation is stopped."

"On June 13, 1988, the Carrier started working Extra Gang 5C77, headquartered at O'Bannon, KY. This Gang was abolished August 5, 1988."

"On August 8, 1988, the Carrier again established Gang 5C77, headquartered in Camp Cars at London, KY. Gang 5C77 was a Timbering and Surfacing Gang, and should have been assigned Camp Cars."

"Each claimant should receive 6.50 per day for meals and any expense incurred while working on Gang 5C77."

"...Rules 47, Appendix No. 35 and Award 298 were violated..."

OPINION OF THE BOARD

On June 13, 1988, Carrier established a forty man Tie and Surfacing Gang at O'Bannon, Kentucky. This Gang (Extra Gang 5C77) was established with fixed headquarters at O'Bannon and performed work between Mile-post 43 and Mile-post 15 on the L.C.L. Subdivision. The tie portion of the Gang (35 positions) was abolished on August 5, 1988; the surfacing portion (5 positions) was abolished on August 26, 1988.

On July 18, 1988, Carrier posted a bulletin advertising a 35-man Floating Tie Gang. This Gang was to be housed in

camp cars and was to start work on August 8, 1988. On Scptember 16, 1980, the Floating Gang was abolished. On April 3, 1989, a 40-man Tie and Surface Gang was reestablished with a Headquarters point at Butler, KY. When the O'Bannon Gang was abolished on August 5, 1989, and the Floating Gang established in camp cars at London, KY, the Union filed a claim contending that Carrier must pay Award 298 benefits (meal allowances and living expenses) to all employes involved from June 13, 1988, on. This claim was subsequently modified to include all employes who worked in the Butler Gang up to the time the Gang was abolished on June 9, 1989. The Union seeks meal money of \$6.50 per day and other expenses incurred for all employes named in the claim.

This Board has reviewed the record before it and it has concluded that while Petitioner's claim was filed in a timely manner, it has no merit. Petitioner has not identified the Agreement Article that it alleges Carrier violated nor has it presented any evidence (receipts, cancelled checks, accounting records) to support its claim that employes were disadvantaged in any manner by the way in which Carrier established and abolished the three Gangs involved in this claim. This Board can find no rule that restricts Carrier's right to establish a Fixed Headquarters Gang and abolish that Gang when the work is completed at the location.

While Carrier used the same Gang number for the Fixed Headquarters Gang and the London Floating Gang, this Board does not consider these two Gangs to be a single Gang that should have been placed in camp cars and paid the meal expenses from June 13, 1988, on.

Carrier established a Fixed Headquarters Gang at O'Bannon. It made camp cars available for employes to use if they chose to do so. It did not, however, require employes to use the camp cars and the total Gang reported to work-each morning and went off duty each day at O'Bannon.

The Gang was advertised as a Fixed Hoadquarters Gang and those who bid the jobs in the Gang were fully aware of the conditions. The O'Bannon Gang was abolished and the Floating Gang housed in camp cars with all allowances to be paid was established at London, KY. The Board sees no restriction against Carrier taking this action, just as it can find no restriction against Carrier abolishing the Floating Gang and establishing a Fixed Headquarters Gang at Butler, KY, six months later.

A review of the material presented to the Board and the authority cited by Petitioner (Rule 47, Appendix No. 35, and Award 298) does not support a finding in the Union's favor.

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AWARD

The claim is denied.

B.C. Sweatt, Carrier Member N.W. Marquer, Employe Member

 $\frac{3-26-90}{\text{Date of Adoption}}$